

CryptoLocker FREE Report



For
Anyone
January 2015

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Contents

Preface	3
Objectives	3
How IT Works	4
The Outcome	7
How To Reduce The Risk	9
Step #1: Incoming Filtering & Blocking Mechanisms	10
Step #2: Workstations Protection Levels: File Permissions & Execution	10
Step #3: Antivirus & Anti-Malware	11
Step #4: Incident Response Team	12
Conclusion	12
About	12



Preface

This FREE report was written to help your company to defend itself from a very well defined attack – the ability to encrypt or steal your data.

CryptoLocker and similar ‘ransomware’ viruses are spreading by Emails, social media, and browsing the web. Currently the security community is trying to find ways to protect customers by this growing threat.

The CryptoLocker virus and its various versions, work by infecting your computer and encrypting all your data so you can no longer access it. It then demands a ransom in Bitcoin in order to decrypt your data to its original readable state. You have very limited options: pay the ransom or restore from a backup. There is no practical way to decrypt it yourself.

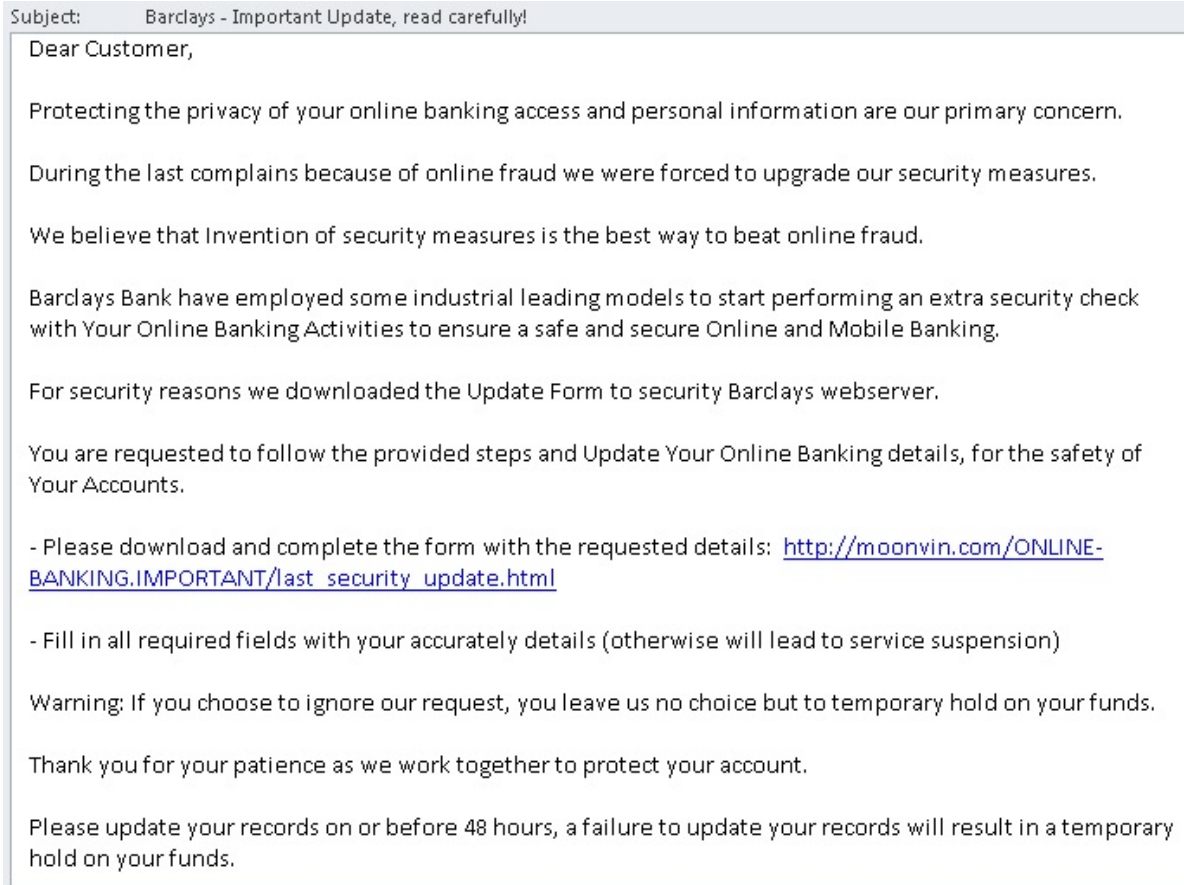
Objectives

Educate IT Administrators and users about this threat, helping them to better defend themselves.



How IT Works

A user may be infected by receiving what appears to be a “real” email from a bank, their company, or any familiar/trusted source alerting them about a fraud, see below sample from “Barclays Bank”



Here, is another example of an Email from “Lloyds Bank”



We want you to recognise a fraudulent email if you receive one. The last four digits of your account number: 30004472.

Dear Lloyds Link Customer,

You have a new message

There's a new message in your Internet Banking inbox. Messages contain information about your account, so it's important to view them.

If you've chosen to use a shared email address, please note that anyone who has access to your online bank account or email account will be able to view your messages.

Your inbox correspondence will never be deleted.

Subject	Date	Account details	Account number
Important information about your account	16 January 2015	Lloyds Commercial	30002252

Please note: this message is important and needs your immediate attention.

Please [click](#) here to log into Internet Banking straightaway to view it.

Yours sincerely



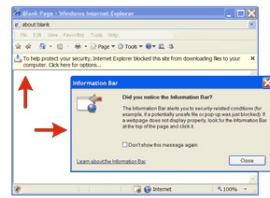
Nicholas Williams,
Consumer Digital Director



Clicking the link will cause the browser to open and show a message to download a zip file, see below picture.

[Click here to continue...](#)

If you are using Internet Explorer version 6 or above to view a document, you might get these warnings.



If you are using Internet Explorer version 6, you might get these warnings.

Depending on your browsers settings the Information Bar message window may or may not appear. If it does, click on the [Close] button to close it and look at the actual Information Bar located at the top of the browser content window.



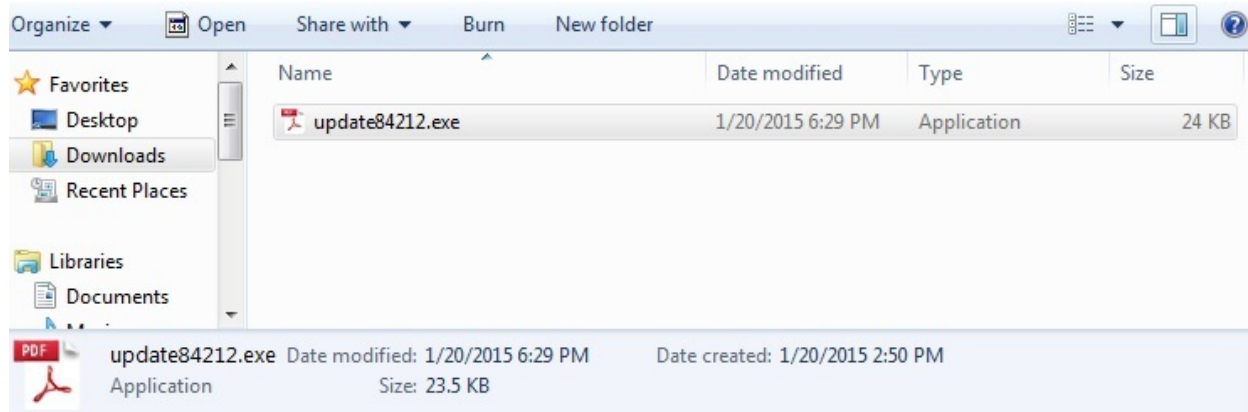
The way its suppose to work is if you right-click on the Information Bar and select the "Download File..." option from the context menu, IE is suppose to download the file.



Instead, all you get is a blank screen.



Unzipping and double-clicking the file will cause the file to be executed, see picture:



The file will be seen as "innocent" to the user, as it presents itself as a PDF file, not a threat.



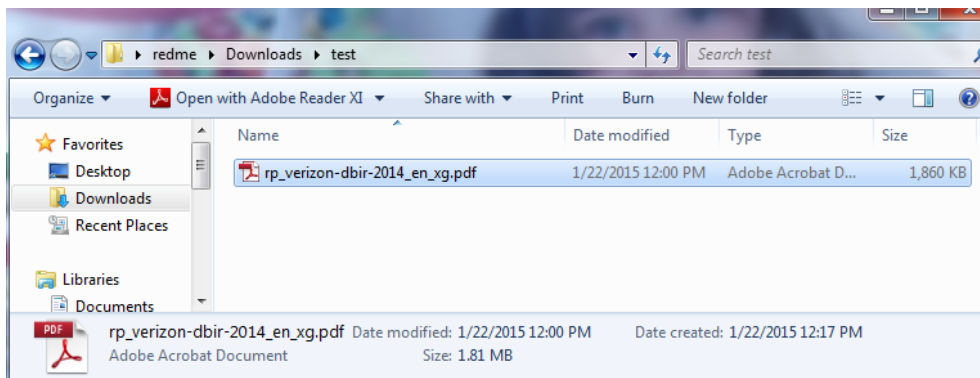
The Outcome

Once file is executed, all files in alphabetically order will be encrypted on local drives and or network shares.

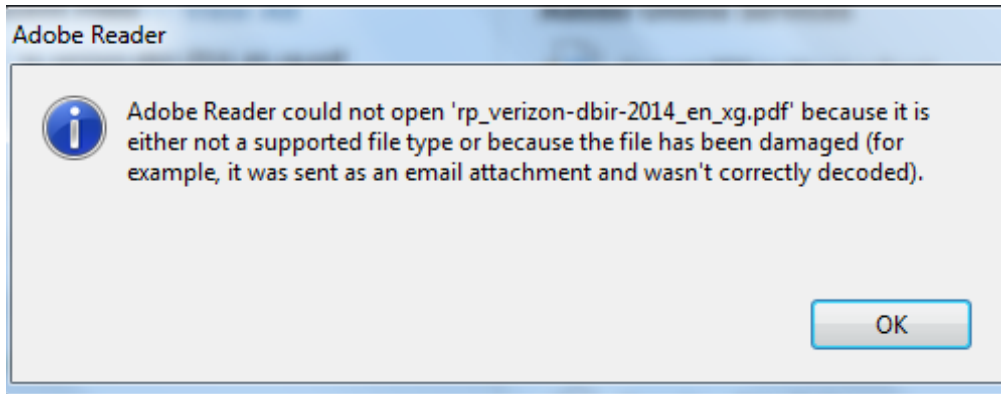
To better illustrate this, below is a snapshot of pdf file before the encryption:



The file after the encryption



The same file not accessible anymore ...



How To Reduce The Risk

As you know, good security includes the onion-approach, having layers of protection that increases the safety and efficiency of your users.

There are four steps that can reduce and improve your ability to defend your organization in an efficient way.

1. Incoming Filtering & Blocking Mechanisms
2. Workstation Protection Levels: File Permissions & Execution
3. Antivirus & Anti-Malware
4. Incident Response Teams

In the following pages we will provide detailed information for each step.



Step #1: Incoming Filtering & Blocking Mechanisms

Review incoming filtering systems for:

1. Update every hour.
2. Block attachment types, such as exe, com, bat, zip, rar, scr etc.
3. If possible, enable dual incoming scanning by two systems from different vendors.
4. Reject invalid HELO/missing RDNS.
5. Do strict RDNS checks.
6. Use Greylisting.
7. Use BATV - Bounce Address Tag Validation.
8. Perform SPF (Sender Policy Framework) check.

Step #2: Workstations Protection Levels: File Permissions & Execution

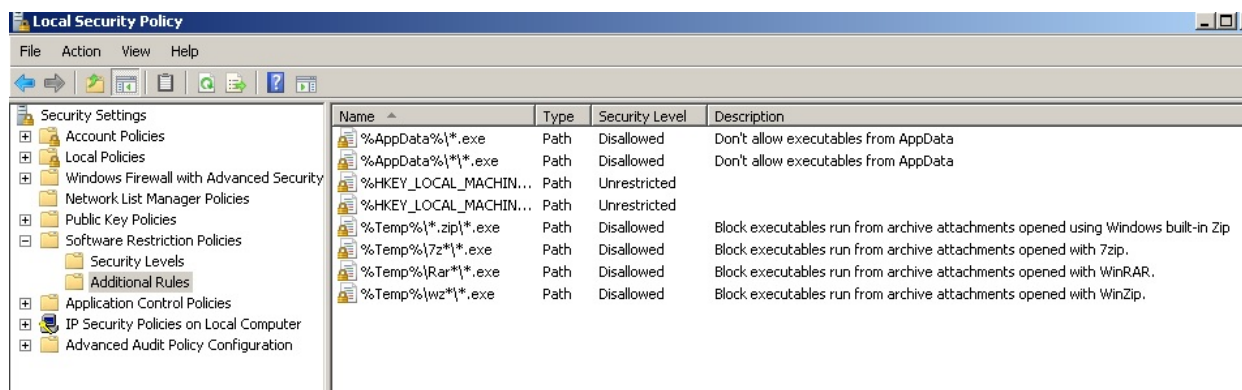
If you have a Windows domain, it's possible to setup a group policy or for local installations just use the Local Security Policy.

Windows XP: use the base path:

C:\Documents and Settings\User\Application Data

Windows Vista & Above:

Security Settings > Software Restriction Policies > Additional Rules



Name	Type	Security Level	Description
%AppData%*.exe	Path	Disallowed	Don't allow executables from AppData
%AppData%**.exe	Path	Disallowed	Don't allow executables from AppData
%Temp%\Rar**.exe	Path	Disallowed	Block executables run from archive attachments opened with WinRAR.
%Temp%\7z**.exe	Path	Disallowed	Block executables run from archive attachments opened with 7zip.
%Temp%\wz**.exe	Path	Disallowed	Block executables run from archive attachments opened with WinZip.
%Temp%*.zip*.exe	Path	Disallowed	Block executables run from archive attachments opened using Windows built-in Zip

Step #3: Antivirus & Anti-Malware

1. Since Antivirus & Anti-Malware solutions are signature based, detecting threats, it is impossible to detect and remove this threat.
2. Make sure you configure your endpoint solution to get updates every hour.



Step #4: Incident Response Team

1. It's highly recommended to 1st establish an appropriate policy to handle problems and more specifically handling incidents as these will be routine, then:
2. Build an incident response team.
3. Educate your users with a security awareness program.
4. Ensure that you have at least:
 - a. Two backup methods, ensuring integrity and availability
 - b. You can restore successfully

Conclusion

The CryptoLocker virus is not a new attack vector. It has been in existence for several years and has morphed over time, becoming stronger and more sophisticated. We expect to see it continue over time in the form of new and more powerful versions.

About

2Secure specializes in the design and development of secure systems and the research of the latest security threats and how to best protect yourself.

Sincerely,

Yigal Behar
Principle IT Security Consultant
2Secure Corp

